

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP22038b

Specification

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Other Accession Reactivity Predicted Host Clonality Isotype Calculated MW Antigen Region WB, FC, IF,E <u>P46783</u> <u>O3T0F4</u>, <u>G1T168</u> Human, Mouse, Rat Bovine, Rabbit Rabbit polyclonal Rabbit IgG 18898 96-129

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 6204

Other Names 40S ribosomal protein S10, RPS10

Target/Specificity

This RPS10 antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 96-129 amino acids from human RPS10.

Dilution WB~~1:2000 FC~~1:25 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - Protein Information



Name RPS10

Function Component of the 40S ribosomal subunit (PubMed:<u>23636399</u>). The ribosome is a large ribonucleoprotein complex responsible for the synthesis of proteins in the cell (PubMed:<u>23636399</u>).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Note=Localized in the granular component (GC) region of the nucleolus. Methylation is required for its localization in the GC region. Colocalizes with NPS1 in the GC region of the nucleolus.

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - Protocols

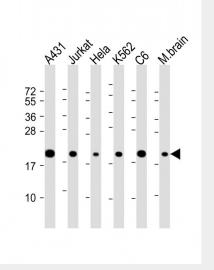
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>
- **RPS10** Antibody (C-Term) Images

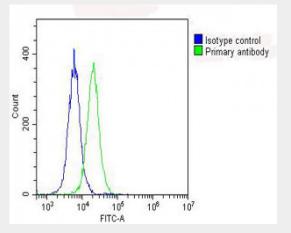


Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (human cervical epithelial adenocarcinoma cell line) cells labeling RPS10 with AP22038b at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (NK179883) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing cytoplasm staining on HeLa cell line. Cytoplasmic actin is detected with Dylight® 554 Phalloidin (PD18466410) at 1/100 dilution (red).The nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).





All lanes : Anti-RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: A431 whole cell lysate Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysate Lane 3: Hela whole cell lysate Lane 4: K562 whole cell lysate Lane 5: C6 whole cell lysate Lane 6: mouse brain lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 μ g per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 19 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Overlay histogram showing Hela cells stained with AP22038b (green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then icubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AP22038b, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Rabbit lgG, **DyLight**® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed(OH191631) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was rabbit IgG $(1\mu g/1 \times 10^{6} \text{ cells})$ used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10, 000 events was performed.

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - Background

Component of the 40S ribosomal subunit.

RPS10 Antibody (C-Term) - References

Frigerio J.-M., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1262:64-68(1995). Ota T., et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Mungall A.J., et al.Nature 425:805-811(2003). Mural R.J., et al.Submitted (JUL-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.



Vladimirov S.N., et al. Eur. J. Biochem. 239:144-149(1996).